English Cymraeg

Energy performance certificate (EPC)



Rules on letting this property

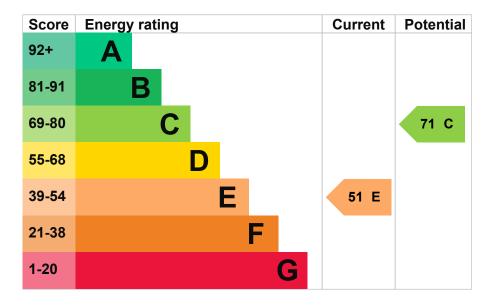
Properties can be let if they have an energy rating from A to E.

You can read guidance for landlords on the regulations and exemptions (https://www.gov.uk/guidance/domestic-private-rented-property-minimum-energy-efficiency-standard-landlord-guidance).

Energy rating and score

This property's energy rating is ${\sf E}.$ It has the potential to be ${\sf C}.$

See how to improve this property's energy efficiency.



The graph shows this property's current and potential energy rating.

Properties get a rating from A (best) to G (worst) and a score. The better the rating and score, the lower your energy bills are likely to be.

For properties in England and Wales:

- the average energy rating is D
- the average energy score is 60

Breakdown of property's energy performance

Features in this property

Features get a rating from very good to very poor, based on how energy efficient they are. Ratings are not based on how well features work or their condition.

Assumed ratings are based on the property's age and type. They are used for features the assessor could not inspect.

Feature	Description	Rating
Wall	Cavity wall, as built, no insulation (assumed)	Poor
Roof	Pitched, 50 mm loft insulation	Poor
Roof	Flat, limited insulation	Very poor
Window	Fully double glazed	Poor
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, mains gas	Good
Main heating control	Programmer, room thermostat and TRVs	Good
Hot water	From main system	Good
Lighting	Below average lighting efficiency	Poor
Floor	Solid, no insulation (assumed)	N/A
Air tightness	(not tested)	N/A
Secondary heating	Room heaters, mains gas	N/A

Primary energy use

The primary energy use for this property per year is 302 kilowatt hours per square metre (kWh/m2).

About primary energy use

Primary energy use is a measure of the energy required for lighting, heating and hot water in a property. The calculation includes:

- · the efficiency of the property's heating system
- · power station efficiency for electricity
- the energy used to produce the fuel and deliver it to the property

Additional information

Additional information about this property:

· Cavity fill is recommended

Smart meters

This property had no smart meters when it was assessed.

Smart meters help you understand your energy use and how you could save money. They may help you access better energy deals.

Find out how to get a smart meter (https://www.smartenergygb.org/)

How this affects your energy bills

An average household would need to spend £2,244 per year on heating, hot water and lighting in this property. These costs usually make up the majority of your energy bills.

You could save £810 per year if you complete the suggested steps for improving this property's energy rating.

This is **based on average costs in 2025** when this EPC was created. People living at the property may use different amounts of energy for heating, hot water and lighting

Heating this property

Estimated energy needed in this property is:

- 17,492 kWh per year for heating
- 3,086 kWh per year for hot water

Impact on the environment

This property's environmental impact rating is E. It has the potential to be D.

Properties get a rating from A (best) to G (worst) on how much carbon dioxide (CO2) they produce each year.

Carbon emissions

An average household produces	6 tonnes of CO2
This property produces	6.4 tonnes of CO2
This property's potential production	3.8 tonnes of CO2

You could improve this property's CO2 emissions by making the suggested changes. This will help to protect the environment.

These ratings are based on assumptions about average occupancy and energy use. People living at the property may use different amounts of energy.

Steps you could take to save energy

Do I need to follow these steps in order?

Yes. Each step builds on the one before it so you can save the most energy.

For example, it's more energy efficient to insulate your home before you buy a new boiler. A well insulated home will lose less heat so you do not have to run your boiler as often.

Step 1: Increase loft insulation to 270 mm

Typical installation cost	£900 - £1,200
Typical yearly saving	£77
Potential rating after completing step 1	53 E

Step 2: Flat roof or sloping ceiling insulation

Typical installation cost	£900 - £1,200
Typical yearly saving	£180
Potential rating after completing steps 1 and 2	56 D

Step 3: Cavity wall insulation

Typical installation cost	£900 - £1,500
Typical yearly saving	£416
Potential rating after completing steps 1 to 3	65 D

Step 4: Floor insulation (solid floor)

Typical installation cost	£5,000 - £10,000
Typical yearly saving	£103
Potential rating after completing steps 1 to 4	67 D

Step 5: Low energy lighting

Typical installation cost	£120 - £140
Typical yearly saving	£33
Potential rating after completing steps 1 to 5	67 D

Step 6: Solar photovoltaic panels, 2.5 kWp

Typical installation cost	£8,000 - £10,000
Typical yearly saving	£244
Potential rating after completing steps 1 to 6	71 C

Advice on making energy saving improvements

Get detailed recommendations and cost estimates

Help paying for energy saving improvements

You may be eligible for help with the cost of improvements:

- Insulation: Great British Insulation Scheme
- Heat pumps and biomass boilers: Boiler Upgrade Scheme
- Help from your energy supplier: Energy Company Obligation

Who to contact about this certificate

Contacting the assessor

If you're unhappy about your property's energy assessment or certificate, you can complain to the assessor who created it.

Assessor's name	Sean Goodman
Telephone	07895079977
Email	hsurveys1@aol.com

Contacting the accreditation scheme

If you're still unhappy after contacting the assessor, you should contact the assessor's accreditation scheme.

Accreditation scheme	Elmhurst Energy Systems Ltd
Assessor's ID	EES/007197
Telephone	01455 883 250
Email	enquiries@elmhurstenergy.co.uk

About this assessment

Assessor's declaration	No related party
Date of assessment	9 September 2025
Date of certificate	9 September 2025
Type of assessment	RdSAP (Reduced data Standard Assessment

Procedure) is a method used to assess and compare the energy and environmental performance of properties in the UK. It uses a site visit and survey of the property to calculate energy performance.

This type of assessment can be carried out on properties built before 1 April 2008 in England and Wales, and 30 September 2008 in Northern Ireland. It can also be used for newer properties, as long as they have a previous SAP assessment, which uses detailed information about the property's construction to calculate energy performance.

Other certificates for this property

If you are aware of previous certificates for this property and they are not listed here, please contact us at mhclg.digital-services@communities.gov.uk or call our helpdesk on 020 3829 0748 (Monday to Friday, 9am to 5pm).

There are no related certificates for this property.



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